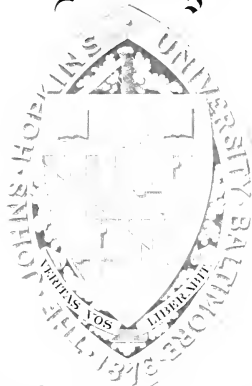
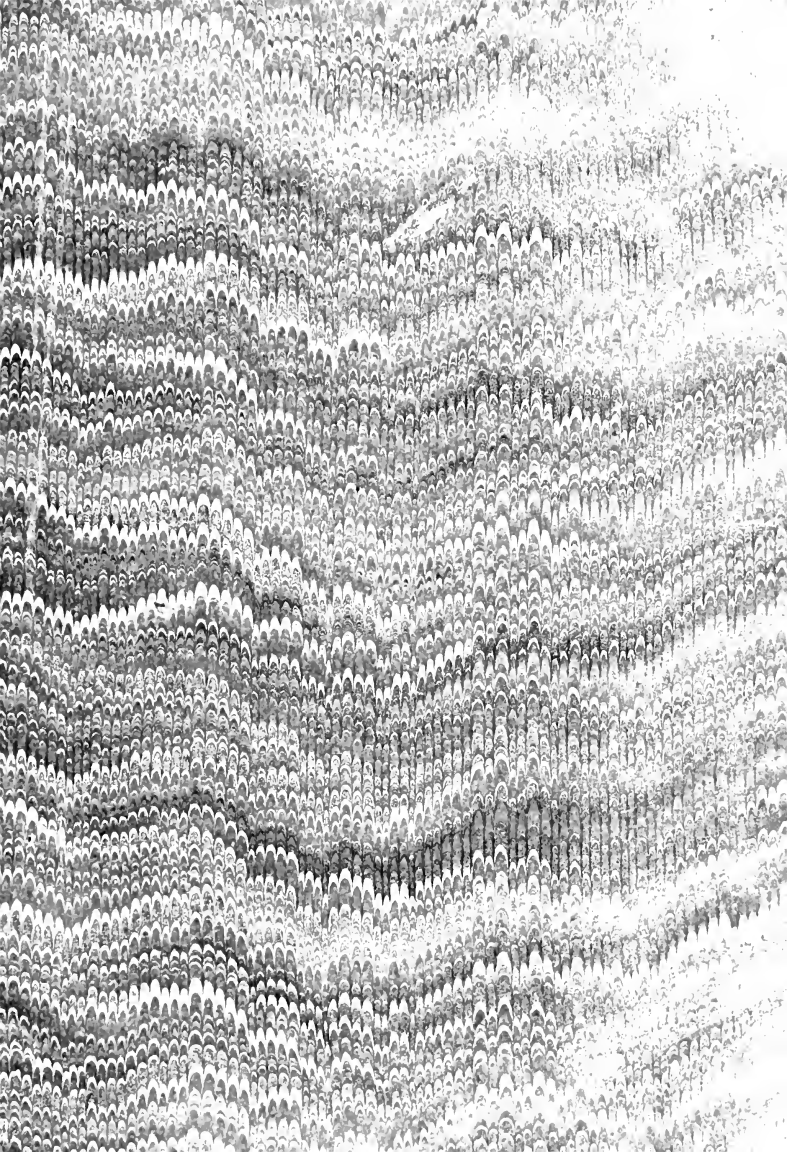


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[illegible]

The feeling that note issue alone needed governmental oversight is a very natural one, considering that the 3.
national banks were organized, and the Government then went
then it to regulate their regulation, and it was not
regard it was taken away. As the report of the Controller
broadly, "the deposit holder of the president, it is to
report that at present oversight of banks is the
depositors' depositors. It is not only fair, but it is back
act of 1863 to first of all, that the national banking act
the present and transformation in its position, and
the Controller of the currency, in his report for 1891, speaking
of proposed changes in the national banking act, and, "but
in that form, they seem to ignore the interest of the deposi-
tors with whose protection the Controller is peculiarly con-
cerned," "it is the belief of the Controller that the
preferences of the note holder or the depositor, which are
ly different, were not unjustified by any ground of public
interest." And yet, the very law by which the Controller was created re-
cognized the right of the note holder, and his title was
the Vice-Chief of his office when it was established.

1. Report of the Controller of the Currency, 1891, p. 11.
2. It is not necessary, of course, to expound upon the
the correctness of this view. It is simply to point out
the present view of the national banking act, and
directly given to the public when created.



For a long time past the people of the United States have been

struggling to make their own way. They have been met with many
repeated and deliberate attempts to fill the country with a mass of capital, to de-
stroy the property of the people, but in the end, it has been found
to be a failure. So late as 1861, Mr. Willoughby says, "It seems
unnecessary to incorporate the state banking laws in the constitution.
Nearly all the states, except the newer states of the West,
have special chapters in their constitutions concerning banks and moneyed institutions, but these chapters are either
of old date, and have practically been superseded, or so
long a time by the national banking laws that they have become
obsolete in use and form."¹ A more careful examination of the

above shows a decided movement in the new laws, and in the
future that time, legislation will be abundant. There are very
few states which have failed, in the last ten years, to do some-
thing in the way of enacting public laws, and since the right
of issue is taken away, the purpose of these laws has been
to give better protection of the legislator.²

1. *Statutes American Statute Law, Vol. II, sec. 9500, p. 49, 5/10.*

2. It is of course to be noted that in two states at least
a similar law has recently been raised, whether by the
people or by a majority of the people. The purpose of these laws is
to give the people the right of issue of credit, and to bring
back to the wider credit of a series of banks, and
it is thought that a similar law should be enacted, and
credit of the people, a larger number of banks, and
to be sure. It would be an interesting experiment, and it is

... it seems to be the only body of legislation of this kind, which was well adapted to the needs of the country, and its provisions, regulations, and methods of operation, they were well adapted to the needs of the country, and it was natural that when the States began to consider the question of regulating the use of personal deposits, they should look to the Federal plan.

(2) It was found, however, that the great majority of the State banks were the product of economic needs which the national banks did not satisfy, and it was necessary to take such measures in the national act as would suit it to these conditions.

(3) In the States, there already existed a number of laws regarding corporations in general. There has been a disposition, while considering ~~the~~ legislation in many ways to conform to the principles of the national bank act, in other instances not to make such radical innovations as the adoption of the act in its entirety would have required. In some respects, therefore, the influence of the present existing corporation law has been to prevent, while in others, it has yielded to the new legislation.

(4) Recently there has been a great deal of discussion in the States about the question of the subject of the Federal act.

... of other people is so little known, and the
... as already ...
... with largely ...
... adopted the methods of ...
... brown up what we ...
... actual ...
... a few important ...
... found to work well ...
... This movement is as yet in its infancy, but it promises ...
... It may be said that at present in the States ...
... longer established, the influence of the laws of other States ...
... is far less important than any other. The national ...
... has been already utilized in ...
... and in ...
... made use of the experiences of other States ...
... for a similar ...

The power to charter banking, as well as other corporations, is inherent in the Legislatures of the various States, and is limited only by constitutional provisions. At some periods, prohibition of charters for banking purposes have been contained in the state constitutions, but at the present time, in only one state is the legislature so restrained. The Texas Constitution of 1876, which is still in force, provides that "no corporate body shall hereafter be created, renewed, or extended with banking or discounting privileges."¹

While Texas is unique among the states in its absolute prohibition of state banks,² there are in many of the state constitutions, provisions regulating the manner in which the legislature may exercise its prerogative.

In the twenty years prior to the civil war, the policy of the federal government was applied to banking charters in such a manner

1. Constitution of Texas, 1876, Art.VII, Sec.39. The attitude of the Texas people, from the beginning of its history as a state, has almost invariably opposed to banking corporations. The constitutions of 1845, 1861, and 1869 contain the clause cited above. The constitution of 1869 did not prohibit bank charters, but no bank charters were granted during the period 1869 - 1876.

2. It has sometimes been stated that objection was to be placed with Texas in this respect, and Art.XI, Sec.2 of its constitution was capable of this construction, but the Supreme Court of the United States, in the case of State ex rel. Hibernaline Savin v. State, 100 U.S. 469, after an examination of the Journal of the Constitutional Convention, held that only banks of issue were prohibited in 1869.

of the Middle West. In Ohio, the people have adopted the initiative, Ohio, and Kansas, the referendum, and in both states the people have adopted provisions requiring that all laws submitted to popular vote for ratification. In Missouri, the same safeguard has been adopted.² In Missouri, so that, at least in this state, it can be found in the constitutions of every state, and its force has been made doubly so by the interpretation of the courts, several of which have held that it applies only to matters of banks of issue, and that acts incorporating banks of discount and deposit need not be submitted to the vote of the people.³ In Michigan, Illinois, and Wisconsin, acts for the incorporation of banks of any kind must still be approved by the popular vote. Only the general banking law is subject to popular sanction in Michigan, but in Wisconsin and Illinois, every amendment of the banking laws must be ratified by the people.⁴

1. Iowa (1846) Art. VII, Sec. 6; Wis. (1848) Art. XI, Sec. 4; Mich. (1815) Art. XV, Sec. 11; Ill. (1848) Art. 3, Sec. 1; Art. VIII, Sec. 7; Kansas (1853) Art. XII, Sec. 6.

2. Constitution of Missouri, 1820, Art. VII, Sec. 10.

3. Decisions holding reference provisions applicable only to banks of issue: Kansas, Pope vs. Capitol Bank, 23 Kan. 44; Iowa, 3, N. W., 752; Ohio, 41, N. E. 111. In Missouri, the words of the constitution emphasize restriction to banks of issue.

4. It was held in People vs. Lockwood, 13 Ill. 121, that the reference clause in the constitution of 1848 applied only to banks of issue, but the constitution adopted in 1870 extended the principle to all corporations. (People vs. Court of Ill. 1870, 12 Ill. 111, Art. XI, Sec. 5). This was interpreted in People vs. People, 123, Ill. 322.

5. Van Steenwyck 34; Iowa, 23. See Kenton 14, Wis. 111.

6. People vs. People, cited above.

These provisions were introduced, chiefly in Illinois, to provide against conditions which no longer exist, which certainly may have been as a protection against the evils of an over issue of bank notes, their only effect at present is to retard the adaptation of the banking laws to the changed conditions of the present by slow and difficult.

Of far more importance to the development of state banking in recent years than the reformer's requirements, has been the gradual increase of general incorporation laws at the expense of special charters. It is needless to say that this movement has not been confined to banking corporations. In fact, banking has, in general, been somewhat later than other industries in receiving freedom of incorporation. Banking charters were granted at first in all the thirteen original states, by special acts. Early in this century, the substitution of general incorporation laws for special charters began to appear in some kinds of business in the New England and Middle Atlantic states, but general incorporation laws for banks were longer delayed.² In his report for 1841, Hon. William Fitzhugh, Comptroller of the State of New York, thus lamented the delay:

1. See page 6.

2. "Political Lamp," by Samuel F. Johnson, p. 10.

3. For general treatment of antebellum movements toward general incorporation laws see, for example, "Evolution of the History of Bank Law in the United States," *Journal of the American Bankers' Magazine*, Vol. 8, p. 347.

... on 100 to 1000 ...
the law for banks. The ...
... to certify that individuals invited ...
... Govern. They were ...
spoils belonged to the ...
... services. This practice ...
... and corrupt that it could ...
1831, the legislature moved already in the ...
... according to the provisions of the constitution of New
York adopted in 1846, charters were to be granted under general
laws, "except where in the judgment of the Legislature the cir-
cumstances of the corporation cannot be obtained under general laws,"
but the desirability of special charters for banking corpora-
tions was not to be left to the judgment of the Legislature;
they were in all cases to be formed under general laws.² The
government against "special privileges" had been made possible
primarily by the invention of issue of bond ...
... incorporation laws for institutions ...
...
... as long as banking charters ...
only ... approved ...

1. Constitution of New York (1846), Art. VII, § 1.
2. Constitution of New York (1846), Art. VII, § 1.
3. The Gov. in 1837, had attempted to ...
corporations by circulating ...
"Banking in New York," ...

the system is the one which is contained in the Constitution of 1870.

the New Jersey Constitution of the year 1776. ³ The following is a

general law for the formation of public corporations, it is
in 1950 amended, and practically all public corporations are

4
The fact, however, that certain laws are subject to change for
the purpose of the incorporation of securing a more liberal
and constitution expressly exempted the laws from the
provisions which are to be referred to, and it is

There is a tendency, at present, to consider the influence of the Southern States, in the political and international arena, as having been predominant in the past, and still quite recently.

1. W. H. R. , C. C. COMBEE, JR. 1941

• • • • •

L. Art. IV, § 2, clause 2.

to use its discretion in determining the appropriate level of

[illegible]

- | | |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 1. Ley. (1977), Art. XI, sec. 1. | 3. Ch. 19, sec. 1, <i>See also</i> |
| 2. Ch. 19, sec. 1, Art. V, sec. 1. | 6. Ch. 19, sec. 1, <i>See also</i> |
| 3. Ch. 19, sec. 1, Art. VI, sec. 1. | 7. Ch. 19, sec. 1, Art. VI, sec. 1. |
| 4. Ch. 19, sec. 1, Art. VI | |
| also (1977), Art. VI | |

1. The first of these is the fact that the number of special charter schools has increased from 1970 to 1975. This is shown in the following table:

Year 1970 1975
Number of special charter schools 10 15
Number of students 1,000 1,500
Number of teachers 100 150
Number of administrators 10 15
Number of parents 1,000 1,500
Number of community members 100 150
Number of special charter schools 10 15
Number of students 1,000 1,500
Number of teachers 100 150
Number of administrators 10 15
Number of parents 1,000 1,500
Number of community members 100 150
Number of special charter schools 10 15
Number of students 1,000 1,500
Number of teachers 100 150
Number of administrators 10 15
Number of parents 1,000 1,500
Number of community members 100 150

2. The second of these is the fact that the number of special charter schools has increased from 1970 to 1975. This is shown in the following table:

Year 1970 1975
Number of special charter schools 10 15
Number of students 1,000 1,500
Number of teachers 100 150
Number of administrators 10 15
Number of parents 1,000 1,500
Number of community members 100 150
Number of special charter schools 10 15
Number of students 1,000 1,500
Number of teachers 100 150
Number of administrators 10 15
Number of parents 1,000 1,500
Number of community members 100 150
Number of special charter schools 10 15
Number of students 1,000 1,500
Number of teachers 100 150
Number of administrators 10 15
Number of parents 1,000 1,500
Number of community members 100 150

3. The third of these is the fact that the number of special charter schools has increased from 1970 to 1975. This is shown in the following table:

Year 1970 1975
Number of special charter schools 10 15
Number of students 1,000 1,500
Number of teachers 100 150
Number of administrators 10 15
Number of parents 1,000 1,500
Number of community members 100 150
Number of special charter schools 10 15
Number of students 1,000 1,500
Number of teachers 100 150
Number of administrators 10 15
Number of parents 1,000 1,500
Number of community members 100 150

4. The fourth of these is the fact that the number of special charter schools has increased from 1970 to 1975. This is shown in the following table:

Year 1970 1975
Number of special charter schools 10 15
Number of students 1,000 1,500
Number of teachers 100 150
Number of administrators 10 15
Number of parents 1,000 1,500
Number of community members 100 150
Number of special charter schools 10 15
Number of students 1,000 1,500
Number of teachers 100 150
Number of administrators 10 15
Number of parents 1,000 1,500
Number of community members 100 150

THE HISTORY OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

Under the original, with the novel of the law, the
operation has been shown in the history of the law
"the general incorporation law." In nearly all the states, except
to the Civil War, there was a law, "the general incorporation
laws", under which, to the general incorporation, "the
for general or any lawful business" (1840). Since then,
war, however, generally exempted from the operation of the
the operation of these laws, and forced and compelled the
operation of these laws, and forced and compelled the

Under the law, banks were never forced to operate
under the "general incorporation law"; special laws were
always imposed, but these laws were related largely to the
right of incorporation and its proper exercise. After the passage
of the ten per cent tax on state bank notes, the law, which
under the law, the law was left in most of the states that
the law was left in most of the states that
the law was left in most of the states that
with any special regulation. In general, in most of the
states, the general law included banking in the lines of incor-
poration which was formed. In some of the "free" banks

1. The "general incorporation law" has a long history in American law. Prior to this, the term has been used in its larger sense in contradistinction to special laws, and hereafter, it will be used in its strict sense of the body of rules under which the great mass of corporations are formed in the American states.

1. *Chrysomelids* 1852

1880.

"The first of these

"

1880

the first of these is the fact that the first of these

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[illegible][illegible]



[illegible]

There, certain States, in which "free banking" was not used before the war, retained the laws then in force, and brought them into the "general corporation law." These States are Indiana, Illinois, Ohio, Iowa, Minnesota, Michigan, Wisconsin, New York, Vermont, and Louisiana. The minimum requirement in none of these States was less than \$15,000. In the rest of them, this has been lowered from time to time, especially in the more war-torn ones, but in some, it has remained at the same amount. As the need for small banks is growing, the old law has not adapted so as to meet the need fully. Therefore, the Federal provisions discussed above are being brought into the law in some States where it would not otherwise have been done. There was also need, undoubtedly a feeling that

[illegible]

...in the minimum required in the
various states, and a certain arrangement of the state
federal groups necessary to create a unified. In none of the
New England, Middle States, is it less than 100,000
...the case of New York. The 125,000 ... with
this state, and indeed ^{also} in Illinois, ...
... of Missouri were not ...

1. 38, 1961, 1962, 1963, 1964, 1965, 1966, 1967, 1968, 1969, 1970, 1971, 1972, 1973, 1974, 1975, 1976, 1977, 1978, 1979, 1980, 1981, 1982, 1983, 1984, 1985, 1986, 1987, 1988, 1989, 1990, 1991, 1992, 1993, 1994, 1995, 1996, 1997, 1998, 1999, 2000, 2001, 2002, 2003, 2004, 2005, 2006, 2007, 2008, 2009, 2010, 2011, 2012, 2013, 2014, 2015, 2016, 2017, 2018, 2019, 2020, 2021, 2022, 2023, 2024, 2025, 2026, 2027, 2028, 2029, 2030, 2031, 2032, 2033, 2034, 2035, 2036, 2037, 2038, 2039, 2040, 2041, 2042, 2043, 2044, 2045, 2046, 2047, 2048, 2049, 2050, 2051, 2052, 2053, 2054, 2055, 2056, 2057, 2058, 2059, 2060, 2061, 2062, 2063, 2064, 2065, 2066, 2067, 2068, 2069, 2070, 2071, 2072, 2073, 2074, 2075, 2076, 2077, 2078, 2079, 2080, 2081, 2082, 2083, 2084, 2085, 2086, 2087, 2088, 2089, 2090, 2091, 2092, 2093, 2094, 2095, 2096, 2097, 2098, 2099, 2100, 2101, 2102, 2103, 2104, 2105, 2106, 2107, 2108, 2109, 2110, 2111, 2112, 2113, 2114, 2115, 2116, 2117, 2118, 2119, 2120, 2121, 2122, 2123, 2124, 2125, 2126, 2127, 2128, 2129, 2130, 2131, 2132, 2133, 2134, 2135, 2136, 2137, 2138, 2139, 2140, 2141, 2142, 2143, 2144, 2145, 2146, 2147, 2148, 2149, 2150, 2151, 2152, 2153, 2154, 2155, 2156, 2157, 2158, 2159, 2160, 2161, 2162, 2163, 2164, 2165, 2166, 2167, 2168, 2169, 2170, 2171, 2172, 2173, 2174, 2175, 2176, 2177, 2178, 2179, 2180, 2181, 2182, 2183, 2184, 2185, 2186, 2187, 2188, 2189, 2190, 2191, 2192, 2193, 2194, 2195, 2196, 2197, 2198, 2199, 2200, 2201, 2202, 2203, 2204, 2205, 2206, 2207, 2208, 2209, 2210, 2211, 2212, 2213, 2214, 2215, 2216, 2217, 2218, 2219, 2220, 2221, 2222, 2223, 2224, 2225, 2226, 2227, 2228, 2229, 2230, 2231, 2232, 2233, 2234, 2235, 2236, 2237, 2238, 2239, 2240, 2241, 2242, 2243, 2244, 2245, 2246, 2247, 2248, 2249, 2250, 2251, 2252, 2253, 2254, 2255, 2256, 2257, 2258, 2259, 2260, 2261, 2262, 2263, 2264, 2265, 2266, 2267, 2268, 2269, 2270, 2271, 2272, 2273, 2274, 2275, 2276, 2277, 2278, 2279, 2280, 2281, 2282, 2283, 2284, 2285, 2286, 2287, 2288, 2289, 2290, 2291, 2292, 2293, 2294, 2295, 2296, 2297, 2298, 2299, 2300, 2301, 2302, 2303, 2304, 2305, 2306, 2307, 2308, 2309, 2310, 2311, 2312, 2313, 2314, 2315, 2316, 2317, 2318, 2319, 2320, 2321, 2322, 2323, 2324, 2325, 2326, 2327, 2328, 2329, 2330, 2331, 2332, 2333, 2334, 2335, 2336, 2337, 2338, 2339, 2340, 2341, 2342, 2343, 2344, 2345, 2346, 2347, 2348, 2349, 2350, 2351, 2352, 2353, 2354, 2355, 2356, 2357, 2358, 2359, 2360, 2361, 2362, 2363, 2364, 2365, 2366, 2367, 2368, 2369, 2370, 2371, 2372, 2373, 2374, 2375, 2376, 2377, 2378, 2379, 2380, 2381, 2382, 2383, 2384, 2385, 2386, 2387, 2388, 2389, 2390, 2391, 2392, 2393, 2394, 2395, 2396, 2397, 2398, 2399, 2400, 2401, 2402, 2403, 2404, 2405, 2406, 2407, 2408, 2409, 2410, 2411, 2412, 2413, 2414, 2415, 2416, 2417, 2418, 2419, 2420, 2421, 2422, 2423, 2424, 2425, 2426, 2427, 2428, 2429, 2430, 2431, 2432, 2433, 2434, 2435, 2436, 2437, 2438, 2439, 2440, 2441, 2442, 2443, 2444, 2445, 2446, 2447, 2448, 2449, 2450, 2451, 2452, 2453, 2454, 2455, 2456, 2457, 2458, 2459, 2460, 2461, 2462, 2463, 2464, 2465, 2466, 2467, 2468, 2469, 2470, 2471, 2472, 2473, 2474, 2475, 2476, 2477, 2478, 2479, 2480, 2481, 2482, 2483, 2484, 2485, 2486, 2487, 2488, 2489, 2490, 2491, 2492, 2493, 2494, 2495, 2496, 2497, 2498, 2499, 2500, 2501, 2502, 2503, 2504, 2505, 2506, 2507, 2508, 2509, 2510, 2511, 2512, 2513, 2514, 2515, 2516, 2517, 2518, 2519, 2520, 2521, 2522, 2523, 2524, 2525, 2526, 2527, 2528, 2529, 2530, 2531, 2532, 2533, 2534, 2535, 2536, 2537, 2538, 2539, 2540, 2541, 2542, 2543, 2544, 2545, 2546, 2547, 2548, 2549, 2550, 2551, 2552, 2553, 2554, 2555, 2556, 2557, 2558, 2559, 2560, 2561, 2562, 2563, 2564, 2565, 2566, 2567, 2568, 2569, 2570, 2571, 2572, 2573, 2574, 2575, 2576, 2577, 2578, 2579, 2580, 2581, 2582, 2583, 2584, 2585, 2586, 2587, 2588, 2589, 2590, 2591, 2592, 2593, 2594, 2595, 2596, 2597, 2598, 2599, 2600, 2601, 2602, 2603, 2604, 2605, 2606, 2607, 2608, 2609, 2610, 2611, 2612, 2613, 2614, 2615, 2616, 2617, 2618, 2619, 2620, 2621, 2622, 2623, 2624, 2625, 2626, 2627, 2628, 2629, 2630, 2631, 2632, 2633, 2634, 2635, 2636, 2637, 2638, 2639, 264

1. $\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \right) = \frac{1}{2}$

$$W_1 = O(2), \quad W_2 = O(1), \quad W_3 = O(1), \quad W_4 = O(1).$$

6. LOW, H. S., J. L. BARNETT, and R. E. WILSON, JR. 1970. The

[illegible]

The United States has no right to interfere with a bank or other institution which is organized under the laws of another country.

... could have cost four times as much, ...
... that was ...
... on four dollars ...
... resulted in nearly one ...
... their capital ...
... their entire capital to ...
... the security of depositors."

It was then contended by an eminent authority ...
... is of no value, ...
... of service in any individual case. In this ...
... so many others, the ...
... of self-preservation, is ...
... legislative decision." ...
... of legislative opinion that some form
of regulation of capital is necessary. The theory of ...
... systems is that it is proper to ...
... if they acted with good judgment.
... could pay by a ...
... but it is ...
... to do ...
... It is also to be noted that with ...
size of capital, the ...
profit ...
The larger the ...

1. J. H. ...

... the current ...
 ... on averages: ...
 ... to
 ... business ...
 ... accomplished without ...
 ... it seems a proper matter to ... laws.

There is one consideration, however, which deserves mention.
 The effect of a sliding scale differs from the Kansas method.
 The latter is particular: "Under the operation of the sliding
 scale, what might be termed a 'sliding scale' is provided."
 4. For example, in a town of 2,000 people, if the population
 is 2,000, there would be provided ...
 there is not ...
 ... another bank can be started. ...
 ... another bank can be organized with \$5,000, and as its
 business increases, its capital would grow. ...
 ... freer, but it is doubtful if this would ...
 ... the economies of
 ... ought to be preserved. ...
 ... people more cheaply probably ...
 ... at a sliding scale is ...
 ... and ...
 ... method.

10001 + 410 + 10000 = 20410 of directors. 20410 = 20410

1. The first step is to identify the key components of the system. This involves understanding the hardware, software, and data involved in the process.

for + direction

Figure 1. Core bed profile.

1. $\mathcal{A} \in \mathcal{A}(\mathcal{H})$ and $\mathcal{B} \in \mathcal{A}(\mathcal{H})$ are self-adjoint and $\mathcal{A} \leq \mathcal{B}$.

San Jose, California, 10/10/1970

1968, Colorado, North Dakota, Utah, Montana, Wyoming, Idaho, Oregon, Washington, California, Nevada, Arizona, New Mexico, Texas, Oklahoma, Missouri, Arkansas, Louisiana, Mississippi, Alabama, Georgia, Florida, South Carolina, North Carolina, Virginia, West Virginia, Maryland, Delaware, Pennsylvania, New Jersey, New York, Connecticut, Rhode Island, Massachusetts, Vermont, New Hampshire, Maine, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, Prince Edward Island, Newfoundland, Labrador.

On the other hand, in the last recent legislative session,

1. *Chlorophyll*, *Chlorophyll*, and *Chlorophyll*, 7

conform to (1), then $\{f_1, \dots, f_n\}$ is a \mathcal{C}_1 -family.

Thus, in practice of the size of initial, $\alpha = 1$

The remarkable statement is less remarkable than it first appears. It is

the same time, the proposed changes will not require a

* * * * * *Journal of Interpersonal Violence* 26(10) * * * * *

[illegible]

the first and second and third.

The first and second and third and fourth.

The first and second and third and fourth.

The first and second and third and fourth.

The first and second and third.

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The first and second and third and fourth.

... only ... to ...
... it ... to the pay ...
... numerous, ... restriction of the ...
... assets exceed ...

... a matter of difficulty, in the ...
... prior to ascertaining ... paid from capital or
... since the calculation depends on the valuation of
... In the case of a bank, ... is almost entirely
... in the form of debts ... the value of ... as-
... to estimate.²

... the enactment of the National Bank Act, ...
... states that dividends could
... only ... profits ...
... and that if capital was impaired ...
... until the capital was restored to it.

...¹ The same principle has been ...
... since 1864. ...
... New York (1815-1864) ...
... 1815 ... dividends were ...
... nearly all ...
... purpose of ... net profits.

... it can be ...
... of + ...
... to ...

1. The national law is at ...
... up to its ...
... 1873, that the Comptroller ...
... received power when capital was impaired to order the di-
rectors to assess shareholders.¹ Previous to that time, the or-
ly remedy was to wait until dividends made up for losses.

In the state systems, the operation of the prohibition of
dividend was not adequate to the necessities of the case, but
in nearly all the legislation, until within a comparatively re-
cent period, it was the only remedy available. Before any re-
of agreement could be put in force, it was necessary that a
satisfactory system of examinations should be in force, and in
some cases, even when this has been provided for, there
been a slowness in giving the officials the summary powers.²

In most of the states where inspection is thorough, this
power has been given to the heads of the state ...

As soon as examination was made, it was found that

... of banks was roughly ...

1. Sec. 5208, Revised Statutes of U. S.

2. See for part of the history of this subject, "Supervision."

3. For example, see "Report of the Comptroller of the Currency, 1873."

bank act as a creditor, and the act of 1891

act of 1891, to be read in connection with the act of 1890.

The act of 1891, as amended, is as follows:

1. In the State of New York, 1 2 3
4 5 6 7 8 9
10 11 12
expressed in the act of 1891, to be read in connection with the act of 1890.

The act of 1891, as amended, is as follows:

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The act of 1891, as amended, is as follows:

The act of 1891, as amended, is as follows:

The act of 1891, as amended, is as follows:

The act of 1891, as amended, is as follows:

The act of 1891, as amended, is as follows:

The act of 1891, as amended, is as follows:

The act of 1891, as amended, is as follows:

The act of 1891, as amended, is as follows:

The act of 1891, as amended, is as follows:

The act of 1891, as amended, is as follows:

The act of 1891, as amended, is as follows:

The act of 1891, as amended, is as follows:

some in addition to the other. The first is the
the second is the third. The third is the fourth.
The fourth is the fifth. The fifth is the sixth.
The sixth is the seventh. The seventh is the eighth.
The eighth is the ninth. The ninth is the tenth.
The tenth is the eleventh. The eleventh is the twelfth.
The twelfth is the thirteenth. The thirteenth is the fourteenth.
The fourteenth is the fifteenth. The fifteenth is the sixteenth.
The sixteenth is the seventeenth. The seventeenth is the eighteenth.
The eighteenth is the nineteenth. The nineteenth is the twentieth.
The twentieth is the twenty-first. The twenty-first is the twenty-second.
The twenty-second is the twenty-third. The twenty-third is the twenty-fourth.
The twenty-fourth is the twenty-fifth. The twenty-fifth is the twenty-sixth.
The twenty-sixth is the twenty-seventh. The twenty-seventh is the twenty-eighth.
The twenty-eighth is the twenty-ninth. The twenty-ninth is the thirtieth.
The thirtieth is the thirty-first. The thirty-first is the thirty-second.
The thirty-second is the thirty-third. The thirty-third is the thirty-fourth.
The thirty-fourth is the thirty-fifth. The thirty-fifth is the thirty-sixth.
The thirty-sixth is the thirty-seventh. The thirty-seventh is the thirty-eighth.
The thirty-eighth is the thirty-ninth. The thirty-ninth is the fortieth.
The fortieth is the forty-first. The forty-first is the forty-second.
The forty-second is the forty-third. The forty-third is the forty-fourth.
The forty-fourth is the forty-fifth. The forty-fifth is the forty-sixth.
The forty-sixth is the forty-seventh. The forty-seventh is the forty-eighth.
The forty-eighth is the forty-ninth. The forty-ninth is the fiftieth.
The fiftieth is the fifty-first. The fifty-first is the fifty-second.
The fifty-second is the fifty-third. The fifty-third is the fifty-fourth.
The fifty-fourth is the fifty-fifth. The fifty-fifth is the fifty-sixth.
The fifty-sixth is the fifty-seventh. The fifty-seventh is the fifty-eighth.
The fifty-eighth is the fifty-ninth. The fifty-ninth is the sixtieth.
The sixtieth is the sixty-first. The sixty-first is the sixty-second.
The sixty-second is the sixty-third. The sixty-third is the sixty-fourth.
The sixty-fourth is the sixty-fifth. The sixty-fifth is the sixty-sixth.
The sixty-sixth is the sixty-seventh. The sixty-seventh is the sixty-eighth.
The sixty-eighth is the sixty-ninth. The sixty-ninth is the seventieth.
The seventieth is the seventy-first. The seventy-first is the seventy-second.
The seventy-second is the seventy-third. The seventy-third is the seventy-fourth.
The seventy-fourth is the seventy-fifth. The seventy-fifth is the seventy-sixth.
The seventy-sixth is the seventy-seventh. The seventy-seventh is the seventy-eighth.
The seventy-eighth is the seventy-ninth. The seventy-ninth is the eightieth.
The eightieth is the eighty-first. The eighty-first is the eighty-second.
The eighty-second is the eighty-third. The eighty-third is the eighty-fourth.
The eighty-fourth is the eighty-fifth. The eighty-fifth is the eighty-sixth.
The eighty-sixth is the eighty-seventh. The eighty-seventh is the eighty-eighth.
The eighty-eighth is the eighty-ninth. The eighty-ninth is the ninetieth.
The ninetieth is the ninety-first. The ninety-first is the ninety-second.
The ninety-second is the ninety-third. The ninety-third is the ninety-fourth.
The ninety-fourth is the ninety-fifth. The ninety-fifth is the ninety-sixth.
The ninety-sixth is the ninety-seventh. The ninety-seventh is the ninety-eighth.
The ninety-eighth is the ninety-ninth. The ninety-ninth is the hundredth.

... of the present state of the ...

... some local reports, ...
... " ...
...¹ ... however, reports for ...

... for an efficient system of legislation, ...
... by the act of the states, ...
... and generally, not ...
... the report has been a real ... of supervision, its
... and it is now made more frequently, ...
... by the officials, and not known by ...
... officers. So that there has been a rapid ...
... reports, and ...
... efficiency.

... has been always somewhat ...
... in making its ... of supervision. ...
... it was only ...

... reports to state ...
...
... 17.

2. A considerable part of the ...
... statistical information. ...
... state gov-
ernments the ...
... currency, 1875, p. 864, ...
... legislative ...

1

... were referred to ...
... devoted ...
... subject is ...
... in the other states, ...
... were to examine ...

2

... "first books," however, were not ...
... were only examined ...
... interested. During the ...

3

... were prior to ...
... Commissioners, but in 1845, the ... was abolished,

4

... in charge of books. ...
... to examine ...
... that examination ...

5

... first attempts at ...
... Civil War period ...
... laws already in existence. ... in Virginia,

6

7

... North Carolina, the ...
1. Rhode Island was the ...
... request.

8

1. New York, (1817) ...
2. ... (1820) ...
3. New York, (1841) ...
4. ...
5. ...
6. ...
7. ...
8. ...

1640

[illegible]

There are exceptions, following the rule of the majority. For example, the majority of the population in the United States is white, but the majority of the population in the United Kingdom is black. The majority of the population in the United States is white, but the majority of the population in the United Kingdom is black. The majority of the population in the United States is white, but the majority of the population in the United Kingdom is black.

There are in the South, a large number of state banks, but the majority are not insured. The banks which are not insured are about 1,100 banks which are not covered by the FDIC.

Another major factor in the cause of it is lack of government support. The states are not doing anything possible to help the private systems in these states, either by providing them with the necessary use of special reporters continuing here later than elsewhere.

It is not clear whether the development of a
fundamental cause is a

... interest on the

... as follows:

... of his earnings...

... used in the different

... the banks to pay fees...

... the case in Michigan,

... North Dakota, ...

... or cases, the directors...

... to capital or deposits. This...

... are regarded as...

... the banks should pay...

... is charged with bank supervision, ...
... of the banks, the state paying all expenses. It
... that nearly all the states...

-
1. Michigan, (1897) Art. 205, sec. 4.
 2. Oklahoma, (1899) chap. 3, sec's 35, 36.
 3. Wisconsin, (1898) chap. 1, sec. 5.
 4. North Dakota, (1893) chap. 23.
 5. ... 1897 ... 33.
 6. ... 41, sec's 1, 2.
 7. New York, (1862) ... 400.
 8. ... 1874 ... 74.
 9. ... 1890 ... 68.

or another have been... it is disclosed that... solvent, what power is there to... tion? In... interests, it is usual, re-... time, the proceedings for... appears between the state... applied to for the appointment... without the intervention... der his direction. ... while national... while the other... judicial officers, and... respect, having been... official... for a receiver. ... the people... of West Virginia... State Examiner of...

of the national

... .., in the

... .., to extract
this point
... United States could be ... , ...
of consumed in security ...
... ..
... give the Controller + ... / ...
... .. national system, ...
decision is final. context on ...

Arrangements were entered into with the following persons:

1000

1000

1000

1000

1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000
1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000
1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000
1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000
1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000

1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000
1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000
1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000
1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000
1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000

1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000
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1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000

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1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000
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1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000
1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000

17. 1. 1974

ucky

note below: 1-20

1. *Equatorial Line of Equator* 2. *State Line of Equator*

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 State Line of Equator
 Equatorial Line of Equator
 State Line of Equator
 Equatorial Line of Equator
 State Line of Equator

Equatorial Line of Equator

State Line of Equator

Equatorial Line of Equator 175 State Line of Equator 175

Equatorial Line of Equator

State Line of Equator

Equatorial Line of Equator

Equatorial Line of Equator 175 State Line of Equator 175

There are two characteristic

of the first type of the first type of the first type

of the first type of the first type

national type of the first type

of the first type of the first type

of the first type of the first type

of the first type of the first type

of the first type of security, and the first type

of the first type of the first type of the first type

of the first type of the first type of the first type

of the first type of the first type of the first type

of the first type of the first type of the first type

of the first type of the first type of the first type

of the first type of the first type of the first type

of the first type of the first type of the first type

at its request.

When the state banks are to be liquidated, the state banks are to be liquidated.

The state banks are to be liquidated, and the state banks are to be liquidated.

The state banks are to be liquidated, and the state banks are to be liquidated.

The state banks are to be liquidated, and the state banks are to be liquidated.

The state banks are to be liquidated, and the state banks are to be liquidated.

The state banks are to be liquidated, and the state banks are to be liquidated.

The state banks are to be liquidated, and the state banks are to be liquidated.

The state banks are to be liquidated, and the state banks are to be liquidated.

2 Similar restrictions are imposed on the state banks.

7 10 3 The state banks are to be liquidated, and the state banks are to be liquidated.

provision of the state banks are to be liquidated, and the state banks are to be liquidated.

The state banks are to be liquidated, and the state banks are to be liquidated.

The state banks are to be liquidated, and the state banks are to be liquidated.

The state banks are to be liquidated, and the state banks are to be liquidated.

The state banks are to be liquidated, and the state banks are to be liquidated.

The state banks are to be liquidated, and the state banks are to be liquidated.

The state banks are to be liquidated, and the state banks are to be liquidated.

The state banks are to be liquidated, and the state banks are to be liquidated.

The state banks are to be liquidated, and the state banks are to be liquidated.

The state banks are to be liquidated, and the state banks are to be liquidated.

The state banks are to be liquidated, and the state banks are to be liquidated.

The state banks are to be liquidated, and the state banks are to be liquidated.

ber 2 do

which has

to exceed the amount of the deposits up to

Deposits up to

which real estate is used as collateral, and

to the discretion

the same

for the purpose of making loans, and

the same shall be used for the purpose of making

Mr. Vernon White says, "The same shall be used for the purpose of making

loans of a collateral

the same shall be used for the purpose of making

the payable of the same shall be used for the purpose of making

the real property is given

to the same shall be used for the purpose of making

the same shall be used for the purpose of making

the same shall be used for the purpose of making

the same shall be used for the purpose of making

the same shall be used for the purpose of making

FOR A POLYMER. IV

... power to lead or re-

kinetic of the reaction $\text{VO}^{2+} + \text{H}_2\text{O} \rightarrow \text{VO}_2^+ + 2\text{H}^+$ is

It will be not

the state government is not constitutionally required to do so. In other words, the separation of the two spheres is not complete in that state.

[illegible]

1. The "kinds" are "small" birds in large numbers, and are generally of the same color, which are generally a light blue or green, but their plumage is so different that the names of this kindred, combined with "Gull" that both kinds are called "Gulls", and consequently are not "small" birds.

[illegible]

fourth, the rate of interest on real estate

is a function of the quality of savings banks and of the

quality of the real estate market, and the

estate market is a function of the quality of the

real estate market, and it is a function of the

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quality of the real estate market, and it is a function of the



"...for each of the four states, ...
position." 2
...the San Francisco are only ...
...dispute state ...
...Twentieth-century.

Under the title "the revenue, its disposition and the
of state" it is shown that the largest part of the revenue
state countries. Unfortunately, the collection of the
the state, classed as is any of the state bank revenue, is
the state bank revenue is the largest of the state bank revenue.

noted in 1907.

... ..

... ..

... .. there is not ...

... ..

... .. that for of ...

... .. just so much ...

... .. there is ...

... .. federal banks in the ...

... .. this disadvantage.

... .. reserves were ...

Central ...	...	...	...	...
...	32.8	33.1	...	...

... ..

...	1.	3.	17.4	...
...	...	...	15.0	...
Southern ...	15.1	14.0	...	...
...	...	...	15.5	...
...
...

... ..

100 PERCENT OF THE \$

are

deserve special attention

of the New York

there are

the abnormal field

will

when New England

of reserves,

in the low

desired

to answer

by hazardous risk

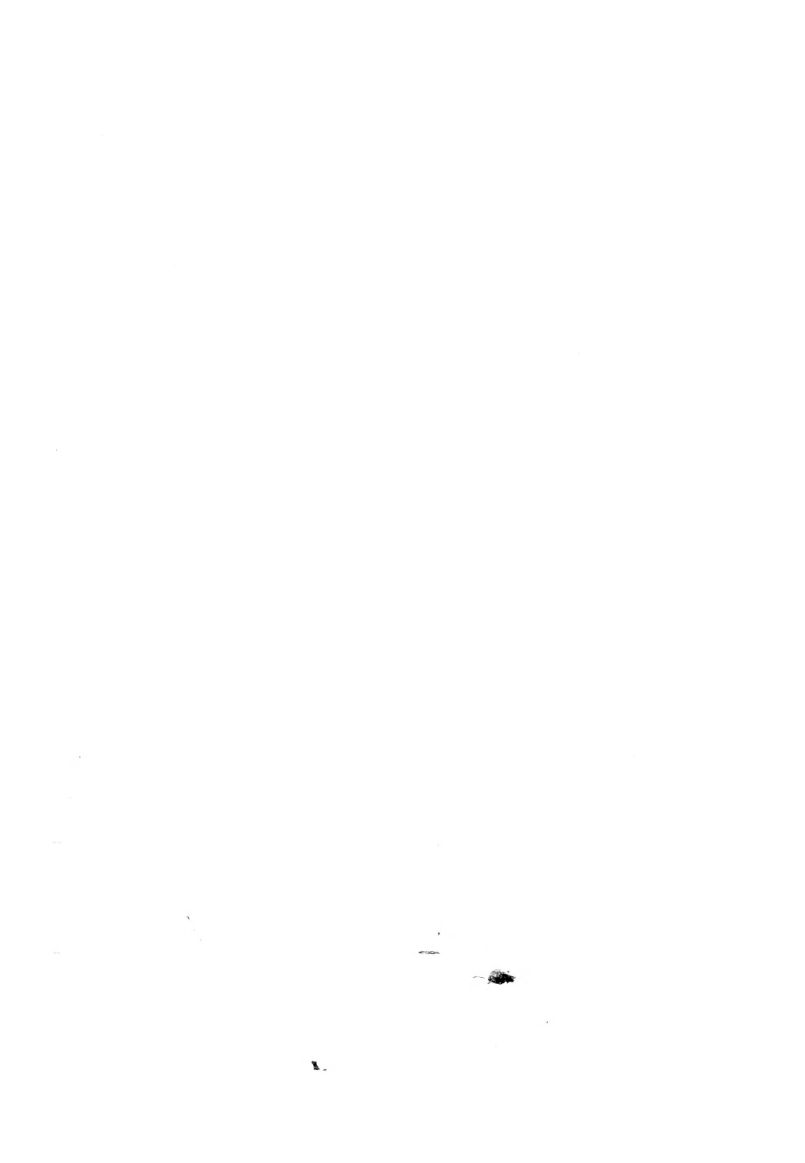
responsibility of

1935 - 1936. A bar

out of all re-

from that

side, to enter



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It was

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... individual, but...

... real estate...
... other...
... or section...
... are so used.¹

However...
... on real estate...
... on...
... on...
... lacks any opinion...
... to a...
... on the...
... on the...
... on the...

... on the subject, ...

... currency, in his report...

... without taking...
... the best...
... of course, better...
... so called real estate...
... I have...
... or any other, ...
... in...
... Association, ...

STATUTORY LIABILITY

Under the common law, stockholders were not liable for the debts of the corporation to liability in the event of insolvency. There has gradually grown up in the courts of the various states what is generally known as the "Paid-Up Doctrine," under which it has been held that unpaid subscriptions to capital stock for a trust fund for creditors, may be collected. The judicial view has been incorporated in the statutes of most of the states, until, at the present time, this doctrine may be said to be a universal rule of law in the United States. Since, however, as has already been shown, the laws in nearly all the states require stock in a banking corporation to be fully paid up either before entrance upon the business, or within a short time afterwards, the application of liability for unpaid subscriptions has become of little importance, so far as banking companies are concerned, except in a few states. In Tennessee, Georgia, Alabama, West Virginia, and Michigan, a minimum capital of \$25,000 is required to be paid up, but only a part of it need be paid up. The "paid-up" doctrine was applied in the Missouri and Kansas "savings bank" laws of 1864 and 1868 respectively. Such provisions only affect the liability of stockholders in banks with a smaller capital than the required minimum. The laws say, in effect, that banks with less than a certain capital need special regulation, and aim to secure it by imposing an additional liability

PROOF. Let $\mathcal{C} = \{C_1, \dots, C_n\}$. There are two cases. If \mathcal{C} is

There is a small but important detail that is not mentioned in the text. The function f is not just any function, but a function that is *continuous*. This is a crucial property that is used in the proof of the theorem. Without this property, the theorem would not hold. For example, if f is a discontinuous function, then it is possible to find a sequence of points x_n such that $f(x_n)$ does not converge to $f(x)$, even though x_n converges to x . This would violate the definition of a continuous function.

507-1915.

While the *Journal* is not a journal in the traditional sense, it is a journal in the sense that it is a record of the work of the *Journal* of the American Medical Association.

... banking has to

POST OCT

50 "Satisfied" with the results of the 1990 election, Clinton said he would not seek re-election.

... of the capital stock ...

... recording ... position, dif-

* or maintained to their original position.

... should be charged with

is recorded in the following manner:

... an old man who was to be ...

[illegible]utory liability only; see, e.g., *United States v. Fidelity & Deposit Co.*, 100 F.3d 1016, 1020 (9th Cir. 1997) (noting that the FDIA's "liability" language is "not limited to the liability of the insured institution").

* In later legislation.

... for the

advantage of the proposed method is that it does not require any

Figure 1: Schematic representation of the experimental design. The figure is divided into two main sections: 'Pre-treatment' and 'Treatment'. The 'Pre-treatment' section includes 'Baseline' and 'Pre-treatment' phases. The 'Treatment' section includes 'Treatment' and 'Post-treatment' phases. The 'Pre-treatment' section shows a timeline from 0 to 10 minutes, with 'Baseline' at 0 and 'Pre-treatment' at 10. The 'Treatment' section shows a timeline from 0 to 10 minutes, with 'Treatment' at 0 and 'Post-treatment' at 10. The 'Pre-treatment' section shows a timeline from 0 to 10 minutes, with 'Baseline' at 0 and 'Pre-treatment' at 10. The 'Treatment' section shows a timeline from 0 to 10 minutes, with 'Treatment' at 0 and 'Post-treatment' at 10.

had received... to the... head... of state...

the liability of... or corpora-

making regulation, ... eral scheme of

2) ... (3) ... nearly all the state...

1. In a Survey of... Kansas, Michigan, ... liability is imposed on the holders of all corporations. In... and under the... for a sur... in the United States is of... the liability is for the...

2. ... Pennsylvania, ... Kentucky, Louisiana, ... Minnesota, Wisconsin, ...

4. The... (see ... notably ... Louisiana, ... features of ... as in other residents, ...

to protect against loss. When a bank is established, it is a legal entity, and its assets are its own. It is not the property of the state, and it is not subject to the state's control. The state has no right to interfere with the bank's operations, and it has no right to take the bank's assets. The bank's assets are its own, and they are not subject to the state's control.

It has been done in state legislation to make the bank's assets its own, and to make the bank's operations its own. The bank's assets are its own, and they are not subject to the state's control. The bank's operations are its own, and they are not subject to the state's control. The bank's assets are its own, and they are not subject to the state's control. The bank's operations are its own, and they are not subject to the state's control.

In the first place, it has been done in state legislation to make the bank's assets its own, and to make the bank's operations its own. The bank's assets are its own, and they are not subject to the state's control. The bank's operations are its own, and they are not subject to the state's control. The bank's assets are its own, and they are not subject to the state's control. The bank's operations are its own, and they are not subject to the state's control.

It is a consequence of this fact, that the bank's assets are its own, and they are not subject to the state's control. The bank's operations are its own, and they are not subject to the state's control. The bank's assets are its own, and they are not subject to the state's control. The bank's operations are its own, and they are not subject to the state's control.

The bank's assets are its own, and they are not subject to the state's control. The bank's operations are its own, and they are not subject to the state's control. The bank's assets are its own, and they are not subject to the state's control. The bank's operations are its own, and they are not subject to the state's control.

of the liability of the company to the creditor.

In the case of the company, the creditor was not a party to the suit, the creditor was not a party to the suit, and the creditor was not a party to the suit.

The creditor was not a party to the suit, the creditor was not a party to the suit, and the creditor was not a party to the suit.

The creditor was not a party to the suit, the creditor was not a party to the suit, and the creditor was not a party to the suit.

The creditor was not a party to the suit, the creditor was not a party to the suit, and the creditor was not a party to the suit.

The creditor was not a party to the suit, the creditor was not a party to the suit, and the creditor was not a party to the suit.

The creditor was not a party to the suit, the creditor was not a party to the suit, and the creditor was not a party to the suit.

The creditor was not a party to the suit, the creditor was not a party to the suit, and the creditor was not a party to the suit.

The creditor was not a party to the suit, the creditor was not a party to the suit, and the creditor was not a party to the suit.

The creditor was not a party to the suit, the creditor was not a party to the suit, and the creditor was not a party to the suit.

The creditor was not a party to the suit, the creditor was not a party to the suit, and the creditor was not a party to the suit.

The creditor was not a party to the suit, the creditor was not a party to the suit, and the creditor was not a party to the suit.

...calmly and quietly... it
is a reform...

...secondary liability is a secondary, and not a primary, liability.
The principal is the perpetrator, the perpetrator as a principal,
but only in a secondary, and not a primary, liability.

The liability cannot be...
...that the affairs
...therefore, a reform...

...while, it should...

The...
...the method...
...the waste...

...the enforcement...
...proceeding."

2. The...
...the estate...
...would now...

accord

relating,

and more,

and, as a result, the

city. A certain

to collect

and more

rapid recovery of the

on the property

the time of

readjustment would

and more

convenient

direction

1895

whenever

reliability of

and

On account

national.

Star

The Neb. Court

"The policy

of local

liability

and

1. 11-12-1942

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to the percentage of the total population of the United States which is engaged in agriculture, and the percentage of the total population of the United States which is engaged in manufacturing, and the percentage of the total population of the United States which is engaged in commerce, and the percentage of the total population of the United States which is engaged in transportation, and the percentage of the total population of the United States which is engaged in other occupations.

1. The Bureau of the Census has conducted a series of investigations into the economic conditions of the United States, and the results of these investigations are set forth in the following report. The Bureau of the Census has found that the percentage of the total population of the United States which is engaged in agriculture is 1.5 per cent of the total population of the United States, and the percentage of the total population of the United States which is engaged in manufacturing is 21 per cent of the total population of the United States, and the percentage of the total population of the United States which is engaged in commerce is 10 per cent of the total population of the United States, and the percentage of the total population of the United States which is engaged in transportation is 10 per cent of the total population of the United States, and the percentage of the total population of the United States which is engaged in other occupations is 56.5 per cent of the total population of the United States.

2. The Bureau of the Census has also conducted a series of investigations into the economic conditions of the United States, and the results of these investigations are set forth in the following report. The Bureau of the Census has found that the percentage of the total population of the United States which is engaged in agriculture is 1.5 per cent of the total population of the United States, and the percentage of the total population of the United States which is engaged in manufacturing is 21 per cent of the total population of the United States, and the percentage of the total population of the United States which is engaged in commerce is 10 per cent of the total population of the United States, and the percentage of the total population of the United States which is engaged in transportation is 10 per cent of the total population of the United States, and the percentage of the total population of the United States which is engaged in other occupations is 56.5 per cent of the total population of the United States.

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State of the Union, 1933. The report of the State of the Union, 1933, is a document of great importance. It is a report on the state of the Union, and it is a report on the state of the Union, and it is a report on the state of the Union.

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the 1990s, the total number of people
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and the securities were re-issued. The first of these was the re-issuance of the securities of the first of the banks, the Bank of the State of New York, which had been re-issued in 1837. The re-issuance of the securities of the other banks followed in quick succession, and by 1840 all the banks located in states where the re-issuance of the securities was decided entirely on the basis of the re-issuance of the securities of the first bank.

The reports of the Commissioner of the State of New York, 1840 to 1841, show that the re-issuance of the securities of the first bank was the result of the taxes paid by the bank on the securities of the first bank. The re-issuance of the securities of the other banks followed in quick succession, and by 1840 all the banks located in states where the re-issuance of the securities was decided entirely on the basis of the re-issuance of the securities of the first bank.

Bill of the Controller of the State of New York, 1840 to 1841, shows that the re-issuance of the securities of the first bank was the result of the taxes paid by the bank on the securities of the first bank. The re-issuance of the securities of the other banks followed in quick succession, and by 1840 all the banks located in states where the re-issuance of the securities was decided entirely on the basis of the re-issuance of the securities of the first bank.

The re-issuance of all banks in the State of New York, 1840 to 1841, shows that the re-issuance of the securities of the first bank was the result of the taxes paid by the bank on the securities of the first bank. The re-issuance of the securities of the other banks followed in quick succession, and by 1840 all the banks located in states where the re-issuance of the securities was decided entirely on the basis of the re-issuance of the securities of the first bank.

II. Report of the Controller of the State of New York, 1840 to 1841.

The report of the Controller of the State of New York, 1840 to 1841, shows that the re-issuance of the securities of the first bank was the result of the taxes paid by the bank on the securities of the first bank. The re-issuance of the securities of the other banks followed in quick succession, and by 1840 all the banks located in states where the re-issuance of the securities was decided entirely on the basis of the re-issuance of the securities of the first bank.

1. In using such a source, the FBI must be satisfied that the source is reliable and that the information obtained is accurate.

10. The meaning of "state bar" is "state bar association."

How accurate are the following?

the results of the study are

ward; Ohio, 1911, 1912, 1913, 1914, 1915, 1916, 1917, 1918, 1919, 1920, 1921, 1922, 1923, 1924, 1925, 1926, 1927, 1928, 1929, 1930, 1931, 1932, 1933, 1934, 1935, 1936, 1937, 1938, 1939, 1940, 1941, 1942, 1943, 1944, 1945, 1946, 1947, 1948, 1949, 1950, 1951, 1952, 1953, 1954, 1955, 1956, 1957, 1958, 1959, 1960, 1961, 1962, 1963, 1964, 1965, 1966, 1967, 1968, 1969, 1970, 1971, 1972, 1973, 1974, 1975, 1976, 1977, 1978, 1979, 1980, 1981, 1982, 1983, 1984, 1985, 1986, 1987, 1988, 1989, 1990, 1991, 1992, 1993, 1994, 1995, 1996, 1997, 1998, 1999, 2000, 2001, 2002, 2003, 2004, 2005, 2006, 2007, 2008, 2009, 2010, 2011, 2012, 2013, 2014, 2015, 2016, 2017, 2018, 2019, 2020, 2021, 2022, 2023, 2024, 2025, 2026, 2027, 2028, 2029, 2030, 2031, 2032, 2033, 2034, 2035, 2036, 2037, 2038, 2039, 2040, 2041, 2042, 2043, 2044, 2045, 2046, 2047, 2048, 2049, 2050, 2051, 2052, 2053, 2054, 2055, 2056, 2057, 2058, 2059, 2060, 2061, 2062, 2063, 2064, 2065, 2066, 2067, 2068, 2069, 2070, 2071, 2072, 2073, 2074, 2075, 2076, 2077, 2078, 2079, 2080, 2081, 2082, 2083, 2084, 2085, 2086, 2087, 2088, 2089, 2090, 2091, 2092, 2093, 2094, 2095, 2096, 2097, 2098, 2099, 2100, 2101, 2102, 2103, 2104, 2105, 2106, 2107, 2108, 2109, 2110, 2111, 2112, 2113, 2114, 2115, 2116, 2117, 2118, 2119, 2120, 2121, 2122, 2123, 2124, 2125, 2126, 2127, 2128, 2129, 2130, 2131, 2132, 2133, 2134, 2135, 2136, 2137, 2138, 2139, 2140, 2141, 2142, 2143, 2144, 2145, 2146, 2147, 2148, 2149, 2150, 2151, 2152, 2153, 2154, 2155, 2156, 2157, 2158, 2159, 2160, 2161, 2162, 2163, 2164, 2165, 2166, 2167, 2168, 2169, 2170, 2171, 2172, 2173, 2174, 2175, 2176, 2177, 2178, 2179, 2180, 2181, 2182, 2183, 2184, 2185, 2186, 2187, 2188, 2189, 2190, 2191, 2192, 2193, 2194, 2195, 2196, 2197, 2198, 2199, 2200, 2201, 2202, 2203, 2204, 2205, 2206, 2207, 2208, 2209, 2210, 2211, 2212, 2213, 2214, 2215, 2216, 2217, 2218, 2219, 2220, 2221, 2222, 2223, 2224, 2225, 2226, 2227, 2228, 2229, 2230, 2231, 2232, 2233, 2234, 2235, 2236, 2237, 2238, 2239, 2240, 2241, 2242, 2243, 2244, 2245, 2246, 2247, 2248, 2249, 2250, 2251, 2252, 2253, 2254, 2255, 2256, 2257, 2258, 2259, 2260, 2261, 2262, 2263, 2264, 2265, 2266, 2267, 2268, 2269, 2270, 2271, 2272, 2273, 2274, 2275, 2276, 2277, 2278, 2279, 2280, 2281, 2282, 2283, 2284, 2285, 2286, 2287, 2288, 2289, 2290, 2291, 2292, 2293, 2294, 2295, 2296, 2297, 2298, 2299, 2300, 2301, 2302, 2303, 2304, 2305, 2306, 2307, 2308, 2309, 2310, 2311, 2312, 2313, 2314, 2315, 2316, 2317, 2318, 2319, 2320, 2321, 2322, 2323, 2324, 2325, 2326, 2327, 2328, 2329, 2330, 2331, 2332, 2333, 2334, 2335, 2336, 2337, 2338, 2339, 2340, 2341, 2342, 2343, 2344, 2345, 2346, 2347, 2348, 2349, 2350, 2351, 2352, 2353, 2354, 2355, 2356, 2357, 2358, 2359, 2360, 2361, 2362, 2363, 2364, 2365, 2366, 2367, 2368, 2369, 2370, 2371, 2372, 2373, 2374, 2375, 2376, 2377, 2378, 2379, 2380, 2381, 2382, 2383, 2384, 2385, 2386, 2387, 2388, 2389, 2390, 2391, 2392, 2393, 2394, 2395, 2396, 2397, 2398, 2399, 2400, 2401, 2402, 2403, 2404, 2405, 2406, 2407, 2408, 2409, 2410, 2411, 2412, 2413, 2414, 2415, 2416, 2417, 2418, 2419, 2420, 2421, 2422, 2423, 2424, 2425, 2426, 2427, 2428, 2429, 2430, 2431, 2432, 2433, 2434, 2435, 2436, 2437, 2438, 2439, 2440, 2441, 2442, 2443, 2444, 2445, 2446, 2447, 2448, 2449, 2450, 2451, 2452, 2453, 2454, 2455, 2456, 2457, 2458, 2459, 2460, 2461, 2462, 2463, 2464, 2465, 2466, 2467, 2468, 2469, 2470, 2471, 2472, 2473, 2474, 2475, 2476, 2477, 2478, 2479, 2480, 2481, 2482, 2483, 2484, 2485, 2486, 2487, 2488, 2489, 2490, 2491, 2492, 2493, 2494, 2495, 2496, 2497, 2498, 2499, 2500, 2501, 2502, 2503, 2504, 2505, 2506, 2507, 2508, 2509, 2510, 2511, 2512, 2513, 2514, 2515, 2516, 2517, 2518, 2519, 2520, 2521, 2522, 2523, 2524, 2525, 2526, 2527, 2528, 2529, 2530, 2531, 2532, 2533, 2534, 2535, 2536, 2537, 2538, 2539, 2540, 2541, 2542, 2543, 2544, 2545, 2546, 2547, 2548, 2549, 2550, 2551, 2552, 2553, 2554, 2555, 2556, 2557, 2558, 2559, 2560, 2561, 2562, 2563, 2564, 2565, 2566, 2567, 2568, 2569, 2570, 2571, 2572, 2573, 2574, 2575, 2576, 2577, 2578, 2579, 2580, 2581, 2582, 2583, 2584, 2585, 2586, 2587, 2588, 2589, 2590, 2591, 259

... all classed together, but in 1885, the
... trade, and retail ... the early ...
... The ... are essential ...
... and deposit, retail ...
... savings ...
... continuous ...

...in reports of the ...
...the ...
...the ...
...to keep the ...
...by the ...
...the ...

On Another class of state ...
...during the ...
...which states ...
Dakota, South Dakota, Nebraska, ...
Alabama, Virginia, West Virginia, North ...
...Virginia, North Carolina, Montana,
New Mexico, ...
...other than official ...
...the ...
...the Controller has ...

...the ... in table is ...
1. Since the Auditor's report, ...
...for alternate years; ...
...the ...
...the ...
...the ...
...the ...

1. The first thing I noticed when I stepped out of the car was the cold. It was a sharp contrast to the warm blanket I had been sitting under. I looked around, trying to get my bearings. The street was empty, the only sound being the distant hum of traffic. I felt a sense of isolation, a feeling that I was alone in a vast, unfamiliar world.

figures, because private persons have not been
 counted. The census of 1890 has not attempted to
 take into account the blind population, and the error
 by resorting to the official statistics of the State
 is not great. In the reports for Illinois, 1890, the
 blind and stock raising, and the blind and stock raising
 1898, have been estimated. The blind and stock raising
 1890 and 1890 can be absolutely correct. The
 figures given in the report of the State of Illinois
 the rate of blindness in the State of Illinois.

Appendix I.

Numbers of State Banks - 1877-1899

By States and Years

States and
Territories

Numbers of State Banks in

1877 1878 1879 1880 1881 1882 1883 1884 1885 1886 1887 1888

Maine	2	1										
New Hampshire	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Vermont	5	5	5	5	6	6	7	8	8			
Massachusetts												
Rhode Island	15	15	14	14	14	13	13	10	10	10	10	10
Connecticut	4	4	4	4	4	4	6	6	6	8	8	8
Dist. N.E. States	27	26	24	24	25	24	28	24	25	27	19	19
New York	81	75	71	66		74	85	87	93	93	102	122
New Jersey	12	10	10	8	7	6	7	7	9	10	8	8
Pennsylvania	113	106	88	88	83	81	81	79	81	79	80	77
Maryland	15	11	13	10	8	10	10	10	10	10	8	9
Delaware	6 ^a	7 ^a	5 ^a	5 ^a	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
Dist. Eastern States	212	212	187	177	171	175	184	177	196	195	202	220
Virginia	40 ^a	46 ^a	44 ^a	41 ^a	44 ^a	44 ^a	41 ^a	41 ^a	58 ^a	35 ^a	55 ^a	64 ^a
West Virginia	15 ^a	15 ^a	15 ^a	15 ^a	14 ^a	16 ^a	17 ^a	16 ^a	17 ^a	18 ^a	25 ^a	26 ^a
Arkansas	3 ^a	5 ^a	5 ^a	5 ^a	2 ^a	4 ^a	6 ^a	6 ^a	7 ^a	9 ^a	11 ^a	16 ^a
D. Carolina	4	5	5	4	2	2	3	4	5	7	15	14

each State 1.99

1899 1890 1891 1892 1893 1894 1895 1896 1897 1898 1899

1 1

Ma

Hampshire

8 Vermont

Massachusetts

9 4 8 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6

Rhode Island

8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8

Connecticut

18 18 16 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 32

Total N.E. States

145-164 176 190 201 212 216 313 210 207

New York

13 22 22 22 22 22 22 22 22 22 22

New Jersey

81 82 82 82 82 82 82 82 82 82 82

Pennsylvania

10 8 7 8 6 6 9 10 12 12 12

Maryland

6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6

4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4

Delaware

Total Eastern States

253 279 43 206 318 316 326 334 337 337 345

67 76 93 90 90 84 85 86 85 92 99

Virginia

29 32 43 45 55 56 58 60 65 74 70

West Virginia

20 2 24 32 33 36 36 41 45 44 48

North Carolina

28 45 57 67 70 67 68 73 76 78 81

Texas

All other States



Members of State Banks in Each State

1877 1878 1879 1880 1881 1882 1883 1884 1885-1886 1887

^a 37 ^a 29 ^a 36 ^a 26 ^a 21 ^a 18 ^a 17 ^a 21 ^a 21 ^a 20 ^a 23

bride 1 ^a 1 ^a 2 ^a 3 ^a 4

bbona ^a 6 ^a 7 ^a 7 ^a 7 ^a 6 ^a 5 ^a 5 ^a 5 ^a 8 ^a 8 ^a 6

ississippi ^a 7 ^a 5 ^a 7 ^a 6 ^a 8 ^a 8 ^a 4 ^a 8 ^a 9 ^a 11 ^a 11

issiana ^a 9 ^a 10 ^a 10 ^a 10 ^a 10 ^a 4 ^a 4 ^a 4 ^a 4 ^a 6 ^a 5

ss ^a 13 ^a 17 ^a 15 ^a 14 ^a 12 ^a 12 ^a 12 ^a 14 ^a 15 ^a 13 ^a 9

kauss ^a 1 ^a 2 ^a 3 ^a 3 ^a 4 ^a 3 ^a 2 ^a 3 ^a 5 ^a 4 ^a 10

utah, 54 51 49 55 61 60 65 68 69 72 71

ur ^a 18 ^a 18 ^a 17 ^a 17 ^a 17 ^a 16 ^a 15 ^a 15 ^a 19 ^a 22 ^a 37

l South-
States 199 213 201 206 207 198 201 200 220 228 282

io 44 36 33 32 29 27 29 29 38 35 46

liana 13 ^c 15 ^c 18 20 19 17 17 21 27 ^c 29 ^c 32

inis ^a 30 ^a 34 ^a 29 ^a 32 ^a 27 ^a 27 ^a 27 ^a 29 ^a 29 ^a 30 ^a 31

ihigan 30 26 29 26 29 28 30 30 44 44 ^a 62

istomin 26 28 24 30 31 34 35 43 50 46 56

ra ^b 31 ^c 22 ^b 33 ^c 32 ^b 31 ^c 40 ^c 48 ^c 10 ^c 50 ^c 19 ^c 65

imonta 13 14 17 21 24 27 34 38 34 41 54

oroni ^a 101 84 107 108 120 132 155 175 187 199 212

l for 288 269 295 299 310 334 375 417 459 488 558

from 1877-1899

1888 1889 1890 1891 1892 1893 1894 1895 1896 1897 1898 1899

31^a 46^a 66^a 87^a 108^a 111^a 111^a 108^b 111^b 114^b 104^b 139^b Georgia

4^a 6^b 15^b 15^b 11^b 18^b 19^b 21^b 19^b 22^b 21^b 23^b Florida

1^a 20^a 30^a 39^a 44^a 40^a 36^a 33^a 40^a 45^a Alabama

15^a 30 47 54 55 63 55 64 75 80 92

6 6 6 11 16 18 22 27 38 39 47 40 Louisiana

7^a 5^a 4^a 4^a 4^a 4^a 2^a 8^a 6^a 4^a 5^a 0 Texas

15^a 23^a 40^a 52^a 51^a 52^a 51^a 64^a 82^a 81^a 79^a 86^a Arkansas

83 106 123 157 162 164 161 171 167 184 192 216 Kentucky

45^a 77^a 100^a 117^a 124^a 122^a 112^a 113^a 131^a 134^a 132^a 139^a Tennessee

336 463 600 751 819 850 835 856 940 980 1012 1075 Total for Southern States

25 48 44 64 77 86 87 100 122 131 144 155 Ohio

34 37 45 53 72 86 81 12 11 14 47 Indiana

31 16 26 20 78 89 91 90 152 107 106 Illinois

74 90^b 106^b 121^b 138^b 159^b 160 171 178 179 179 184 Michigan

64 67 80 91 109 118 125 125 126 130 122 123 Wisconsin

64 80 105 122 141 177 185 194 200 206 201 207 Iowa

11 67 76 93 117 135 149 154 155 156 171 Minnesota

22 26 30 40 42 43 44 44 44 44 44 44 Missouri
589 665 88 955 1055 100 351 147 147 147 147 147 Total for Middle States

29

27

27

39

32

47

23

123

439

96

337 — 383

5

44

16

4

4

22

1

3

132
515-
123
26
1820
83
8
-215

Rev. 1954
202
180
104
389
255
112
1526

6637
 58
 83
 110
 115
 144
 108
 73
 424

Number of State Banks in

1877 1878 1879 1880 1881 1882 1883 1884 1885 1886 1887

Dakota

1 2 11 18 35 62

Dakota

braska

8 8 7 1 14 18 29 38 56 80 126

Kansas

16 23 24 33 34 37 46 57 68 141

Montana

3 3 3

Wyoming

2

New Mexico

3

Colorado

5 4 6 6 7 6 8 8 8 8

Oklahoma

Texas

34 37 42 47 55 57 77 106 137 194 253

Idaho

3

Wyoming

1 4 5 5 5 7

California

43 56 60 58 56 61 67 74 75 75 88

Utah

3

Utah

2

Nevada

2 4 3 3 2 2 5 3 4 2 3

Arizona

6

Total Pacific States

45 60 63 61 58 61 76 82 82 82 112

Total U.S.

825 817 812 814 836 852 941 1011 1121 1214 1526

each State - by Years 1877 1878 1879 1880 1881 1882 1883 1884 1885 1886 1887 1888 1889												
74	102	27	21	23	73	7	10	1	1	1	1	1
88	65	110	112	112	112	112	112	112	112	112	112	112
148	207	292	343	366	386	377	371	355	345	335	325	315
27	200	222	244	281	276	274	287	287	287	287	287	287
9	13	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14
1	1	1	1	3	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
13	18	24	21	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	29
4	103	753	870	880	879	888	840	847	873	942	1000	1000
4	11	24	59	68	64	43	40	36	32	30	28	28
4	9	19	19	31	30	25	21	12	10	10	10	10
110	122	131	144	161	173	171	173	174	173	76	116	116
3	3	5	6	9	10	8	9	11	11	10	11	11
2	1	2	9	11	5	12	13	13	13	13	13	13
3	3	1	3	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
4	4	8	9	9	10	8	7	7	7	7	7	7
136	155	195	253	294	296	277	279	280	268	268	275	275
1732	2092	2532	308	3357	3662	3666	3667	3677	3687	3687	3687	3687

Appendix II

Members of Private Banks 1877-1891

for Total no. years.

Numbers of Private Banks in each State

	1877	1878	1879	1880	1881	1882	1883	1884	1885	1886	1887
Maine	8	8	8	9	11	11	11	10	12	14	15
Massachusetts	5	3	4	4	4	3	1	3	3	3	3
Minnesota	1	1	3	3			1	2	3	2	2
New Hampshire	58	58	62	70	70	67	75	69	71	71	77
New Jersey	5	5	5			7	6	8	8	7	7
New York	14	14	16	15	16	19	16	22	21	19	28
Ohio	82	96	95	107	110	109	119	115	118	110	132
Pennsylvania	201	193	198	184	182	186	179	168	160	163	172
Rhode Island	88	102	69	68	69	65	68	66	67	75	74
Tennessee	10	8	8	6	6	7	6	6	6	6	6
Vermont	306	316	295	385	369	394	260	347	233	347	243
Wisconsin	23	23	20	21	22	27	32	38	16	37	19
Wyoming	3	7	3	3	3	3	4	4	3	3	3
Alabama	631	649	593	567	551	582	549	529	539	531	515
Arkansas	30	26	32	32	33	34	41	42	37	42	38
California	1	1	11	7	5	5	6	5	6	5	3
Colorado		10	8	9	12	1	17	14	15	16	18
Connecticut	14	23	22	18	15	20	19	20	22	21	24
Delaware	34	47	45	40	34	37	38	67	68	64	70
Florida	17	23	23	23	27	22	35	36	34	44	44
Georgia	21	18	24	25	23	21	21	22	18	17	15
Idaho	7	9	9	8	10	13	13	15	15	15	14
Iowa	73	78	79	85	98	124	123	122	116	112	122
Kansas	10	13	14	14	14	15	15	15	18	18	19
Louisiana	6	26	30	30	31	33	35	34	36	32	36

1899

1888	1889	1890	1891	1892	1893	1894	1895	1896	1897	1898	1899
13	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
3	6	8	9	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
2	2	3	4	4	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
75	77	77	73	72	75	72	79	162	163	164	165
7	8	10	11	11	11	10	9	8	8	9	11
19	19	23	21	22	21	22	22	19	20	18	16

1	125	131	128	128	128	120	120	195	201	201	198
179	163	160	163	164	153	149	138	138	139	136	136
77	77	178	175	179	167	176	328	182	180	182	310
6	9	7	5	6	7	8	8	5	5	5	4
243	246	248	269	268	260	233	308	311	302	316	316
19	23	21	37	36	46	52	54	10	11	11	11
3	3	3	3	3	3	3	4	3	3	3	3

525	536	525	603	603	603	603	603	603	603	603	603
30	30	31	33	29	31	31	31	31	31	31	31
3	5	4	6	9	9	23	10	6	6	6	6
23	24	26	25	22	21	21	21	21	21	21	21
22	27	31	31	33	33	36	36	21	21	21	19
71	60	53	55	55	55	55	55	41	43	43	43
44	44	46	47	43	41	37	41	34	31	31	34
15	17	16	16	14	14	11	11	4	4	4	4
14	10	18	15	15	15	13	12	11	11	11	11
130	125	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148	148
20	20	24	35	36	36	36	36	7	7	7	7
56	43	44	43	43	43	43	43	23	23	23	23

1877	1878	1879	1880	1881	1882	1883	1884	1885	1886	1887
12	11	10	10	10	14	16	19	17	18	18
8	9	8	8	7	9	9	17	19	10	27
359	314	315	309	33	388	409	128	426	414	433
214	230	225	229	31	234	237	243	254	238	243
111	119	118	113	114	122	134	135	126	124	144
382	395	305	321	331	337	374	390	394	405	432
131	140	138	140	151	157	174	184	192	197	217
90	95	73	80	88	94	47	103	104	107	124
49	51	58	60	89	95	134	124	129	137	145
201	232	252	264	289	380	353	373	382	388	411
104	107	105	83	44	46	47	128	111	132	129
1167	1254	1274	1308	1387	1517	1570	1689	1678	1702	1840
8	10	10	10	31	48	47	136	140	162	183
10	10	10	10	11	11	11	7	115	229	278
20	25	40	108	137	160	194	211	304	303	353
1	7	6	8	1	12	1	10	1	1	10
5	6	5	5	5	5	4	9	9	9	12
25	23	22	25	20	49	57	47	43	53	65

States with 1899

7888 1859 1870 1879 1892 1890 1891 1892 1893 1894 1895 1896 1897 1898 1899

27 24 23 19 20 22 2 4 1 2 3 4 5 6 7

400 474 440 400 469 464 450 468 468 474 474 474 474 474 474

210 254 264 271 263 263 263 263 263 263 263 263 263 263 263

106 110 111 111 111 111 111 111 111 111 111 111 111 111 111

441 445 444 444 444 444 444 444 444 444 444 444 444 444 444

222 228 232 222 222 222 222 222 222 222 222 222 222 222 222

102 119 110 104 110 110 100 108 106 104 111 120 120 120 120

52 163 172 182 166 175 177 175 204 205 210 229 229 229 229

51 446 445 445 445 445 445 445 445 445 445 445 445 445 445

122 141 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142

1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946

446 105 162 38 50 19 14 14 0 0 0 0 0 0

106 27 66 66 66 66 66 66 66 66 66 66 66 66

306 249 244 192 165 185 143 132 81 99 74 65 65 65 65

360 343 357 253 208 190 171 148 113 118 91 57 57 57 57

11 15 16 22 19 19 12 16 18 17 17 21 21 21 21

10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10

179 173 70 58 56 58 14 50 50 50 50 50 50 50

Number of Private Banks

	1877	1878	1879	1880	1881	1882	1883	1884	1885	1886	1887
all Mexico	1	5	5	7	10	13	20	16	13	11	11
Hawai.											
Total	161	162	181	223	336	400	528	581	661	780	911
California	4	4	3	2		12	11	13	10	11	11
Oregon	6	7	7	8	9	14	16	21	22	21	22
California	65	72	48	39	41	49	51	47	46	50	48
	55	57	43	32	35	32	35	28	30	31	27
	3	5		5			11	15	11	13	10
Idaho	7	7	8	1	4	11	12	11	9	8	8
Nevada	18	16		13		11	10	13	11	13	11
Arizona	1	2	2	2	2	4	4	2	1	1	1
Total	105	111	85	78	80	111	118	117	113	120	120
Total for United States	2432	2586	2643	2595	2799	3107	3313	3458	3525	3699	3951

Stakes in each Year, 1877 1899.

1888 1889 1890 1891 1892 1893 1894 95 96 97 98 99

10 9 7 5 3 1 1 1 1 1 1

11 11 11 11 11

169 152 884 709 527 331 479 446 46 310 309 304

16 15 17 19 24

-- 1 20 22 24 26 28 30 32 34 36 38 40

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 ... 1807,
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... his major study, ...
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In 1807 - 1818 ...
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